

Commitment to Te Tiriti o Waitangi

Surfing New Zealand (SNZ) recognises Te Tiriti o
Waitangi as Aotearoa New Zealand's founding
document. SNZ is committed to upholding the
mana of Te Tiriti o Waitangi and the principles
of Partnership, Protection and Participation.

General Sporting Values

- Everyone involved in play, active recreation and sport joins with good intentions and we are all expected to do our best to treat each other with respect and comply with our policies and rules. Despite this, problems sometimes arise.
- Children and young people in particular must be cared for, treated with respect and their welfare placed at the centre of everything we do in the sport.
- SNZ knows everyone involved in the activity/sport is here because of a shared passion for the surfing and care for the people involved.
- 5. When people involved in activity/sport get into disagreements it can become a serious issue. SNZ is committed to supporting everyone, including participants, coaches, volunteers, whānau and supporters, to participate in an environment that is respectful, safe, and fair.
- 6. SNZ acknowledges it is important to everyone involved to respond quickly, fairly and thoughtfully to address issues. People are entitled to raise concerns or complaints and to have those addressed promptly and fairly. No one should be punished or victimised for raising a concern or a complaint in good faith.
- 7. This policy is centred on equity, dignity, respect and maximising the potential of all people in the surfing. The following principles should be kept in mind when applying it:
 - Respect for the culture(s) of the people involved including culturally appropriate processes being enabled to resolve complaints and restore relationships.
 - Addressing problems informally and face to face, wherever possible.

- Treating others fairly, equally and in a way that keeps their mana intact.
- Maintaining relationships and keeping each other safe.

Surfing New Zealand Values

- 8. **Positivity and Enjoyment**: We create an enjoyable environment for all that keeps everybody active. We have inclusive attitudes that encourage both participation and high performance. We create positive learning and performance environments. We enjoy our peer groups, the social and ocean environments.
- 9. Passion and Commitment: We love our sport and enjoy what we do. Our staff, volunteers and athletes are positive people, committed to the supporting clubs, events, training, and activities. They are known for investing their time to go the extra mile to help others and for continuing in the face of adversity.
- Innovation: We are forward looking and proactive in the development of ideas. We are open minded to trying new things and positively accept change.
- 11. **Respect**: We respect the power of the ocean, our ocean environment, and the diverse people governing, participating and officiating in our sport. We guide, develop and support those new to the sport on our sport's etiquette. We respect the tikanga of our sport.
- 12. **Collegial**. We look out for each other whether in the ocean or on land, and we work together for the greater good of the enjoyment of our sport. We are empathetic to others and seek to understand their view. We collaborate and are prepared to compromise, while parking agendas and egos.

Policy Purpose

13. This policy sets out the steps for raising and dealing with concerns, complaints and disputes. It aims to:



- support people to resolve minor issues on their own
- give clear guidance for making, dealing with and resolving complaints
- make sure the approach taken to dealing with complaints is fair, consistent including enabling cultural appropriate responses and processes.

Policy Application

Who can make a complaint?

- 14. Complaints can be made by or about anyone involved in SNZ and its regional and national organisations. This includes: volunteers, participants, supporters, club members, employees, service providers, and families/whānau of participants.
- 15. It is however suggested that complaints, disputes or issues occurring at a club or regional level should be made within the organisations or regional body/level within which it occurs, and should be considered at and utilise the mechanisms and processes within those organisations in the first instance.

What can complaints be about?

- 16. With paragraph 15 as context, complaints may be made about things such as actions or decisions of organisation members or officials, processes not being managed well (or at all), unprofessional or upsetting behaviour, or delays or failure to communicate about matters affecting a person, or low level disputes or disagreements between members or between member Clubs.
- 17. Complaints may involve:
 - organisation management issues
 - conflicts of interest (including favouritism)
 - Outside competition unsporting behaviour
 - disrespectful behaviour
 - low-level bullying
 - low-level sexual harassment
 - discrimination
 - abuse of power

- health and safety risks
- offensive/insulting language or behaviour.
- 18. This complaints process does not apply to onfield misconduct, or selection or eligibility decisions. Serious complaints (e.g. unethical, dishonest or illegal behaviour, harassment (sexual, racial or otherwise) bullying, health and safety risks, unlawful discrimination, and offensive/insulting language or behaviour) may be breaches of Surfing New Zealand's policies. These will be assessed and may be dealt with under the SNZ Disciplinary Procedure and Appeals Policy.
- 19. If you are unsure whether the Complaints Policy and Process applies to your situation, the CEO or Complaints Sub-Committee can provide guidance.

Informal Resolution First

- 20. People are always encouraged to raise concerns directly with the person who has behaved in a way causing concern, unless there are safety reasons or the issue is too serious to try to resolve it this way. If you do not feel comfortable raising the complaint yourself, a support person can raise it with the person on your behalf.
- 21. Both parties involved should have a chance to be heard respectfully, and feel safe to be able to say what they want to say, keeping in mind the need to find ways to resolve issues and be able to work with one another in future.
- 22. If self-managed informal resolution isn't successful or appropriate, it should be raised with the relevant organisation committee, which, in consultation with the people involved, will put in place a culturally appropriate process to try to resolve it. This may include holding a facilitated meeting in a place, and following a process, that meets the needs of the people involved.



Formal Complaints Procedure

What do I need to do?

23. Formal complaints should ideally be made in writing, as soon as possible after the event(s). Where this is not possible, the complainant should be helped by the person receiving the verbal complaint to put it in writing. The complaint dispute or issue is to be submitted utilising the **Complaints Form at Annex A**.

Who do I make the complaint to?

- 24. If the complaint is about an organisational issue or about a member of SNZ, the complaint can be raised with the organisation via the CEO or the Complaints and Disputes Sub-Committee. Complaints about a club committee or official can be raised with any of these people. If the complaint is not able to be resolved, it can be escalated.
- 25. If the committee or official that the complaint would usually be made to is involved in the issue or has a conflict of interest, the complaint should be made or passed to another suitable person in authority. If the issue is not resolved at a SNZ level or the organisation is involved in the issue, it should be referred to mediation.

How will I be treated?

- 26. A person making a formal complaint can expect to be treated in line with the following principles:
 - Fairness: Every person dealing with a complaint will remain neutral and listen to both sides of the story. Any action arising from a complaint will be reasonable in proportion to the seriousness of the complaint.
 - Respect: Every person involved in a complaint will be treated and is expected to act towards others with respect, dignity and in a culturally appropriate way. Complaints will be raised and handled sensitively, with a goal to preserve relationships by

- acknowledging each other's role and contribution to the sport.
- Communication: Every person involved in a complaint will be regularly kept up to date on progress and the outcome.
- Confidentiality: Information relating to a complaint will not be shared with any other person without consent, unless fair process or the law require the information to be shared with a person or an authority. This will be discussed with the person providing the information.
- 27. **Restoration**: The goals of the complaints process are to resolve the particular complaint, restore people's mana and maintain positive relationships within the organisation and across the sporting and wider community.
- 28. **Acknowledgement**: Every person involved in a complaint will be asked to recognise the importance of acknowledging any fault or mistakes, the hurt this has done and if necessary, give a genuine apology.
- 29. **Support**: Both the person making the complaint and person complained about should have access to support throughout a complaint process. Everyone involved in a process may be accompanied by chosen family/whanau and/or other support people.
- 30. **Timeliness**: The complaint, dispute or issue should be acknowledged within 48 hours. The issues, complaint or dispute should then seek to be understood, processed and resolved as quickly as practicable. Parties should however accept that the issues are often complex, and the requirement for fairness, due process, consideration and resolution relies on the involvement of multiple stakeholders, and that many of them are volunteers, which will drive availability.

What is the process for resolving my complaint?

31. The person or body responsible for dealing with the complaint (the decision maker) must acknowledge receipt of the complaint as soon as it is received. It is always best to send a written acknowledgement to the person making



- the complaint so they know their complaint has been received and is being taken seriously.
- 32. An initial contact should be made to discuss the next steps, support and any child welfare or safety concerns the complainant has. The complainant should be asked how they would like their complaint addressed, the process they would prefer and what outcome they are seeking.
- 33. It is important that the person who receives the complaint explains to the complainant that to resolve the complaint fairly to everyone involved, they will usually need to tell the person or organisation of the complaint made against them, give them all relevant information and discuss a process for resolving the complaint. If the person is under 18, their parent/guardian must also be notified. If the complainant is not willing to have their complaint or identity shared with the person or organisation concerned, other ways to resolve the complaint will have to be discussed.
- 34. The person who made the complaint and any other relevant people may be asked to give further information in a way that is comfortable to them (face-to-face, with support person or people if desired, by phone, videocall or email).
- 35. Complaints should be raised with the person who is complained about in a way that preserves the dignity and mana of that person, their whānau and wider community.
- 36. The decision maker will usually meet separately with the person making the complaint and the person complained about. These meetings will be at a time and place and run according to a protocol/agenda that suits everyone, to the extent possible. People may be accompanied by chosen family/whānau and/or other support people.
- 37. These meetings should take place as soon as possible and ideally within two weeks of the complaint being received. Where it is not possible to meet face to face, the meeting can be held by phone or videocall if people agree and have access to technology.

- 38. Decisions should be made in a careful, reasoned way that is justified on the facts and is consistent with any rules that apply.
- 39. The decision should be recorded in writing with a simple explanation of:
 - the issue
 - any applicable policy or rule
 - the process followed
 - the facts and any evidence relied on
 - any submissions or explanations by anyone involved
 - the decision (complaint upheld or not upheld)
 - the reason for the decision
 - any penalty or outcome
 - any recommendations for repairing relationships.
- 40. Note, that although most people involved in activity/sport are volunteers, some are employees. If someone is an employee, they need to have a written employment agreement, and must be treated fairly under New Zealand employment law if any decision is being made about their employment. Contractors (who are not employees) need to be treated fairly and reasonably, and consistent with the terms of their contract. Volunteers should be treated fairly, reasonably and respectfully in making any decisions about their conduct or participation in the sport.

Communicating the Outcome

- 41. The decision maker(s) will promptly provide a copy of the decision to the person or organisation the complaint is about, and the complainant, and outline any appeal process. The outcome should be discussed so the parties understand the decision and why it was made, and what will happen next.
- 42. The people affected by the decision (the complainant, the person or people complained about, family/whanau and wider community) may have strong feelings about the outcome and the impact on their reputation, rights or mana. There should be a discussion about what



- steps can be taken to restore relationships and mana of everyone involved. Support should be explored, especially if there are any concerns about health, wellbeing, or safety.
- 43. All matters related to a complaint should be recorded in writing and placed on a confidential complaint file including the complaint, any response to the complaint, notes of any meetings or conversations, relevant documents, committee minutes, the decision and any outcome. The details of all complaints will be kept confidential unless otherwise agreed between the parties.

Formal Professional Mediation

- 44. If the internally facilitated process or complaint process does not achieve an outcome (particularly for disputes), or you feel the SNZ internal process doesn't fit the situation, then the Sport NZ funded mediation service is the recommended next step. In this process the parties will be invited a mediator will be appointed by. This may be initiated by either party.
- 45. The Sport and Recreation Complaints and Mediation Service (SRCMS) is a safe and independent way for anyone engaged in sport and active recreation to lodge a complaint, issue or dispute and have it resolved in a timely manner. The service is free and is open to anyone involved in community sport and recreation as well as elite sport.
- 46. The service is operated by *Immediation New Zealand Limited*, an online dispute resolution company which has been contracted by Sport NZ. It is wholly independent of Sport NZ, High Performance Sport New Zealand and all other sporting bodies, clubs and organisations.
- 47. The service can assist individuals with a complaint or dispute in connection with sport or recreation in Aotearoa New Zealand. When an issue is raised, individuals will be provided with information on the dispute resolution options available to them, and if appropriate, will be offered early facilitation or mediation.

- There is no obligation to proceed with the resolution services recommended.
- 48. To access the service, you just need to have a complaint or dispute in connection with sport or recreation. All sorts of different complaints and disputes arise in connection with sport and recreation. Here are some examples:
 - a complaint about on or off field behaviour of a coach, volunteer, parent or sportsperson;
 - a dispute about selection for a particular team or event;
 - a complaint about club management, culture, or a policy;
 - a complaint of wrongdoing by a volunteer, coach, individual team member or their parent;
 - complaints of bullying, harassment, or discrimination;
 - a dispute about inappropriate use of social media in a sporting setting.
- 49. To submit a complaint or dispute, call 0800 493 612. Your telephone call will not be recorded.
- 50. Your call will be answered by a member of the SRCMS team who will take details of your complaint. They will then talk with you about available dispute resolution options.
- 51. All personal information received will be handled confidentially.

National Organisation Complaints Process

- 52. Where a formal complaint is made or referred to a National Organisation, the Chief Executive may refer it to a Complaints Assessment Committee (CAC) who will review it and make a decision about where the complaint should be directed, what culturally appropriate process should be followed, and who the decision maker should be. Options might include an informal process, investigation, facilitation or mediation, or a disciplinary process. This should be discussed with the complainant and person or people the complaint is about.
- 53. The CAC will confirm they have received the complaint within three working days of



receiving it. Details of the complaint will be entered into a Complaints Register.

- 54. When considering the complaint, the CAC will consider:
 - what the complaint is about
 - how serious or urgent the complaint is
 - whether there is a set process for the type of complaint
 - culturally appropriate processes depending on the parties involved
 - whether the matter should be dealt with under the Surfing New Zealand Disciplinary Procedure and Appeals Policy
 - whether the complaint might indicate a broader problem
 - what risks the complaint raises for the organisation to Surfing New Zealand
 - what outcome the complainant is seeking
 - any other relevant information.
- 55. The CAC will advise the Chief Executive whether:
 - there is no clear basis for complaint and no action can be taken (and an explanation given to the complainant)
 - the complaint can be resolved informally
 - a formal process is needed.

What other policies might apply?

- 56. If the complaint involves the safety of children in any way, the SNZ Child Protection Policy must be followed.
- 57. If complaints involve alleged serious breaches of the SNZ Code of Conduct or Contractors or HR policies, the matter should be addressed under the SNZ Disciplinary Procedure and Appeals Policy.
- 58. If there is an immediate threat of harm, or the complaint is a mandatory reporting situation, the complaint should be reported to the Police and/or relevant agency.

Annex A: SNZ Complaints Form



Annex A: Surfing NZ Complaints Form

Contact details:							
Phone:			Email:				
Address:							
Affiliation (Club/Organisation):							
Club:							
Regional Sports Organisation:							
Age: Under 18 □		18 Years or over					
If you are making a com	plaint for someone else:						
Name of person complaining on behalf of:							
Contact details of person complaining on behalf of (including their age):							
Complainant's role/status (highlight which applies):							
Participant 🗆	Coach/Assistant Coach I		Manager 🗆	Employee (paid) 🗆			
Administrator ☐ (volunteer)	Administrator(volunteer	·) 🗆	Official 🗆	Support person□			
Other volunteer provide details:	Parent 🗆		Supporter□	Other □ - provide details:			
Details of person(s)/organisation complained about: Name:							
Club/Organisation:		Regional	Regional Sports Organisation:				
National Sports Organisa	ation:	Age:	Under 18 🗆	18 Years or over □			
Athlete 🗆	Coach/Assistant Coach 🗆		Manager 🗆	Employee(paid) □			
Other volunteer \square - provide details:	Official \square		Parent □	Support person □			
Other - provide details:	Spectator		Administrator □ (volunteer)				



Nature of Complaint / Dispute/Issue

Formal /Informal						
Nature of complaint (tick as m	any as relevant):					
Club/Organisation or		0 1	V			
management issue \square	Unfair decision \square	Coaching issue \square	Verbal abuse \square			
a.iagee.ie eeee =						
Bullying \square	Sexual harassment \square	Racism 🗆	Discrimination \square			
B						
Physical abuse/Assault \square	Other Volunteer 🔲 – provide details:					
5 . / \ / · · · · / \						
Date(s) of incident(s):						
Location of incident:						
Competition \square	Training \square	Other \square	– provide details:			
Description of incident/Complaint (use additional sheets if required):						
Details of any witnesses:						
Name:						
Contact details:						
Name:						
Contact details:						
Name:						
Contact details:		c . (11 11:1: 1 1 1 1 1 1	• 1)			
Action taken so far (if any) to attempt to resolve matter, or ensure safety (Use additional sheets if required):						
*If relevant: Agency contacted	I (including the Police):					
Who:	When:					
Advice provided:						
Complainant (Your details):						
Name:						
Signature:	Date:					